

BREAKTHROUGHS AND PROGRESS: ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIA (AML)

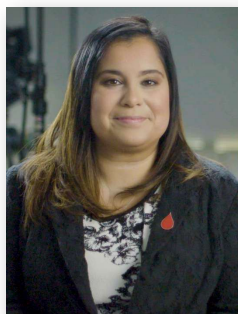
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WELCOMING REMARKS BREAKTHROUGHS AND PROGRESS: ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIA (AML)



Lizette Figueroa-Rivera, MA
Sr. Director, Education & Support
The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society

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BREAKTHROUGHS AND PROGRESS: ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIA (AML)




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BREAKTHROUGHS AND PROGRESS:
ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIA

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 May 29, 2025



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Disclosures

Consultancy: Abbvie, Servier, Stemline

Scientific Advisory Committees: Abbvie, Astellas, BMS/Celgene, Genentech, Immunogen, Orbital, Rigel, Servier, Stemline, Wugen

Research Funding: Aptose, Astex, Blossom Hill, BMS/Celgene, Gilead, Glycomimetics, Jazz, Menarini-Stemline, Syndax, ImmuneOnc

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Agenda

- **Historical Perspective**
- **AML for Beginners**
- **Cool New Stuff in AML!**

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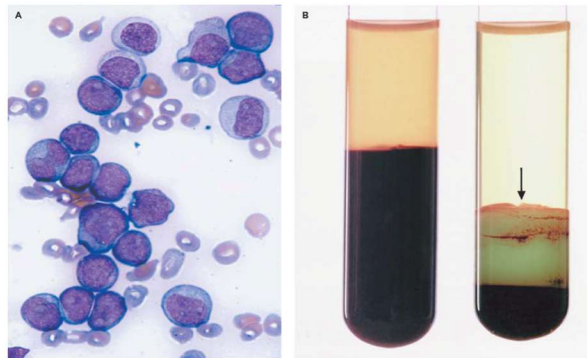
Historical Perspective

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AML History

Peter Cullen (1811)

- Described a 35 year-old man with fever and abdominal pain
- Treated with blood-letting
- Serum described as milky white in color
- Likely the 1st published report of leukemia



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AML History

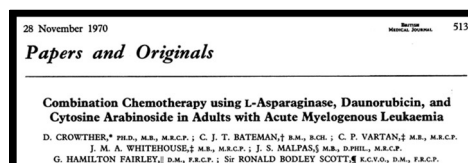
Rudolf Virchow (1847)

- Father of cell theory
("omnis cellula e cellula")
- Also known for Virchow's node, Virchow's triad, standardizing autopsies
- Coined the term
"leukämie"



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AML History



Summary: Cytosine arabinoside and daunorubicin used in an intensive intermittent regimen have been shown to be an effective combination for the induction of complete remissions in 14 out of 23 adult patients with acute myelogenous leukaemia. This gives an overall complete remission rate of 60%. A further patient had a good partial remission. The addition of L-asparaginase to the regimen has not increased the incidence of remission and there were more side effects in the L-asparaginase-treated group. Of the 10 patients treated with L-asparaginase in addition to cytosine arabinoside and daunorubicin, five achieved a complete remission. Of the 13 patients treated with cytosine arabinoside and daunorubicin without L-asparaginase, nine achieved a complete remission and one a good partial remission.

myelogenous leukaemia which is an antibody from Streptococcus carnosus. It is the biggest series of disease was reported for the Treatment of Seven-year-old patients were obtained single centres have rates are of the and post Co-operative complete remission myelogenous leukaemia better than other re-

Treatment of Acute Myeloid Leukaemia with Daunorubicin, Cytosine Arabinoside, Mercaptopurine, L-Asparaginase, Prednisone and Thioguanine: Results of Treatment with Five Multiple-Drug Schedules

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL RESEARCH COUNCIL'S WORKING PARTY ON LEUKAEMIA IN ADULTS

The work was carried out under the auspices of the Medical Research Council's Leukaemia Committee (Chairman: Sir Richard Doll). The members of the Working Party over the period of the trials were Professor L. J. Witty (Chairman until March 1969), Professor J. V. Dacie (Chairman from March 1969), Dr D. A. G. Galton (Secretary), Dr K. D. Bagshawe, Dr P. Barkhan, Professor E. K. Blackburn, Dr S. T. E. Gallender, Professor W. M. Davidson, Dr I. W. Delamater, Professor A. S. Douglas, Dr E. C. Evans, Professor G. Hamilton Fairley, Dr J. R. Fountain, Professor F. G. J. Hayhoe, Dr C. A. Helman, Professor J. R. Hobbs, Professor A. Jacobs, Dr H. E. M. Kay, Dr G. A. McDonald, Dr I. C. M. MacLennan, Dr B. Murphy, Professor M. G. Nelson, Dr C. R. Newman, Mr R. Peis, Dr M. C. Pike, Dr O. S. Roath, Dr B. E. Roberts, Dr P. D. Roberts, Dr L. S. Saker, Sir Ronald Bodley Scott, Professor J. W. Stewart, Dr J. J. Taylor, Dr R. B. Thompson, Professor D. J. Weatherall, Professor G. Wetherley-Mein, Dr J. A. Whitaker and Dr E. Withers. This report was prepared by Miss Susanah Howard, Dr D. A. G. Galton and Dr M. C. Pike.

"7+3"

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AML History

FDA Drug Approvals in AML, 1970s-2017:

- Gemtuzumab ozogamicin (2000)
- Withdrawn from market in 2010

“Boulevard of Broken Dreams”

Sekeres and Steensma, JCO 2012

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AML History

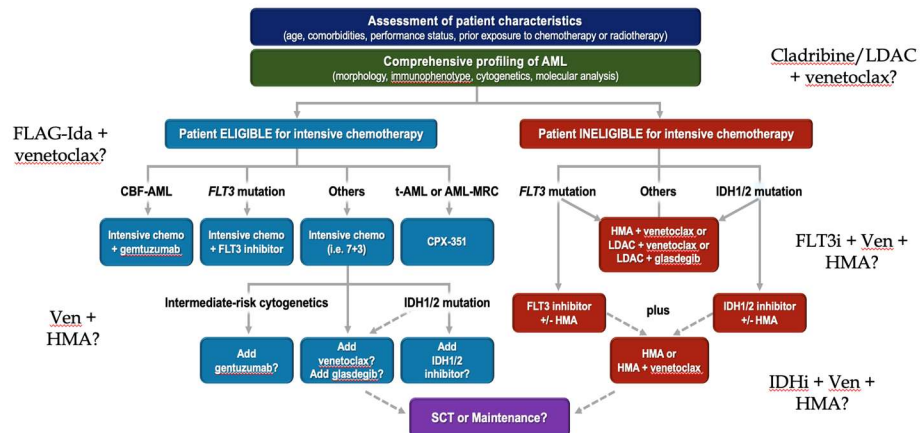
FDA Drug Approvals in AML, 2017-2024:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 04/28/17: Midostaurin (Rydapt; FLT3 inhibitor) | 11/28/18: Gilteritinib (Xospata; FLT3 inhibitor) |
| 08/01/17: Enasidenib (IDH1A; IDH2 inhibitor) | 06/01/20: Oral azacitidine (Onureg; maintenance therapy) |
| 08/03/17: Liposomal 7+3 (CPX-351/Vyxeos) | 05/25/22: Ivosidenib + azacitidine |
| 09/01/17: Gemtuzumab ozogamicin (Mylotarg; CD33 Antibody-Drug conjugate) | 12/02/22: Olutasidenib (Rezlildhia; IDH1 inhibitor) |
| 07/20/18: Ivosidenib (Tibsovo; IDH1 inhibitor) | 07/20/23: Quizartinib (Vanflyta; FLT3 inhibitor) |
| 11/21/18: Venetoclax (Venclexta; BCL2 inhibitor) + HMA/LDAC | 11/15/24: Revumenib (Revuforj; Menin inhibitor) |
| 11/21/18: Glasdegib (Daurismo; Hedgehog pathway inhibitor) + LDAC | |

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AML History

Treatment Paradigm for AML in 2025:



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AML for Beginners

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AML for Beginners

- What is AML?
- How did I get this?
- Is it curable?
- How is it treated?
- What can *I* do to help fight this?
- What other questions should I be asking?

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AML for Beginners

- What is AML?

Acute

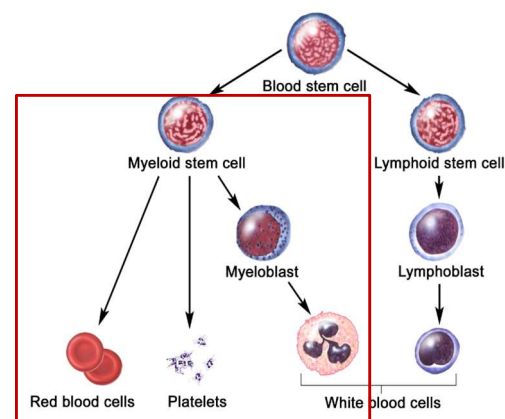
- Symptoms usually come on quickly (2-3 months or less)
- Treatment often initiated urgently

Myeloid

- Refers to the subtype of blood cell

Leukemia

- Cancer of blood cells
- Most commonly defined by >20% “blasts” in the blood or bone marrow



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AML for Beginners

• What is AML?

White cells

- Your immune cells
- Help fight infection
- Neutrophils are key

Red cells

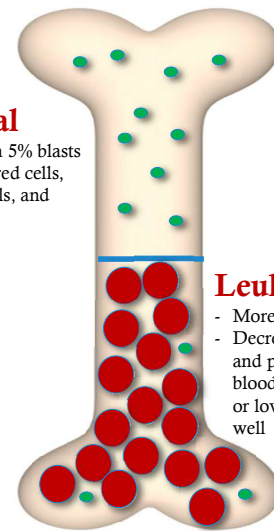
- Oxygen-carrying cells

Platelets

- Help form clots and prevent bleeding

Normal

- Less than 5% blasts
- Normal red cells, white cells, and platelets



Leukemia

- More than 20% blasts
- Decreased red cells and platelets; white blood cells either high or low but don't work well

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AML for Beginners

• What is AML?

White cells

- Your immune cells
- Help fight infection
- Neutrophils are key

Red cells

- Oxygen-carrying cells

Platelets

- Help form clots and prevent bleeding

LEUKEMIA

LEUKEMIA

LEUKEMIA

Fever

Infection

Anemia

Fatigue

Trouble breathing

Easy bruising

Bleeding

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AML for Beginners

• How did I get this?

Bad Luck (60%)

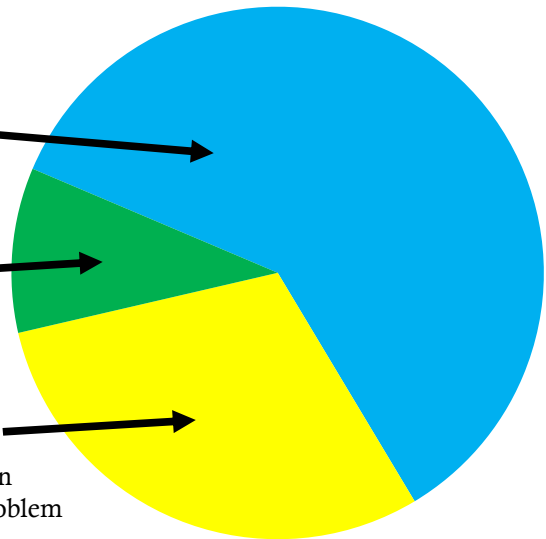
- Blood stem cells acquire random mutations as we age

Inherited (~10%)

- >90% of cases are not passed down to other family members

Environment (30%)

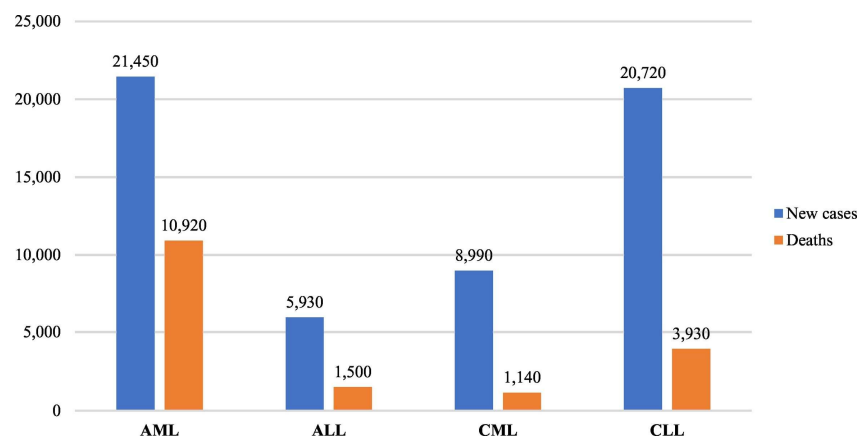
- Prior chemotherapy/radiation
- Pre-existing bone marrow problem (MDS, chronic leukemia)



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AML for Beginners

• AML by the numbers

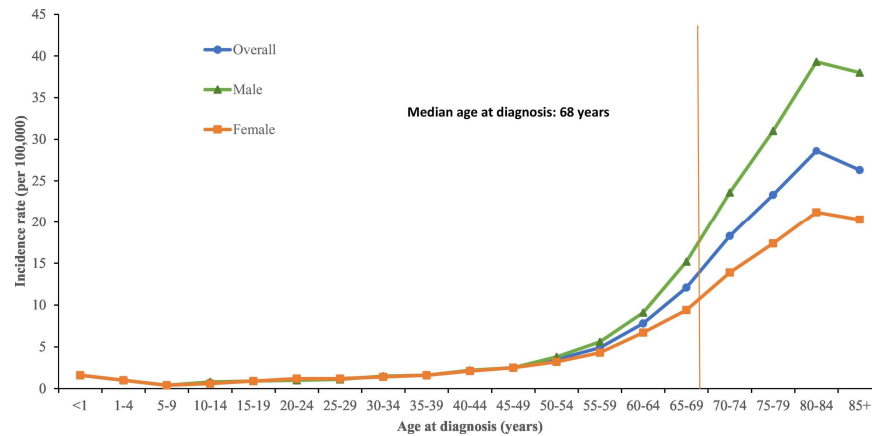


Shallis et al, *Blood Rev*, 2019 Jul, (36)70-87.

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AML for Beginners

- AML by the numbers

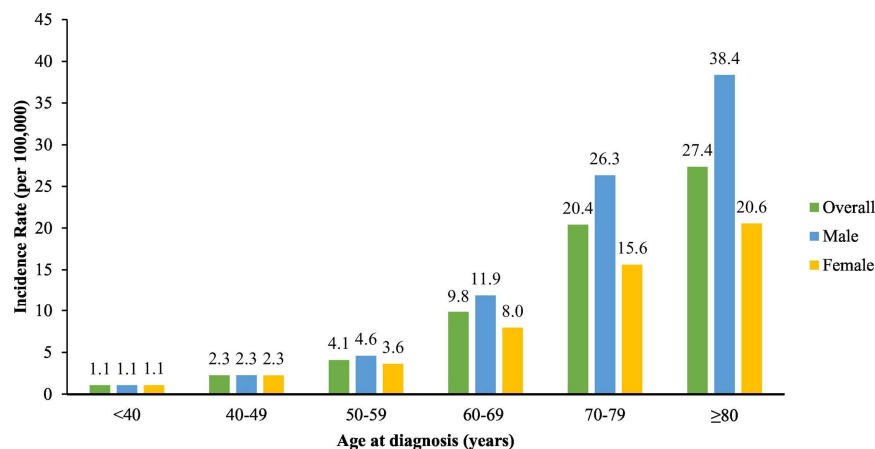


Shallis et al, *Blood Rev*, 2019 Jul, (36)70-87.

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AML for Beginners

- AML by the numbers

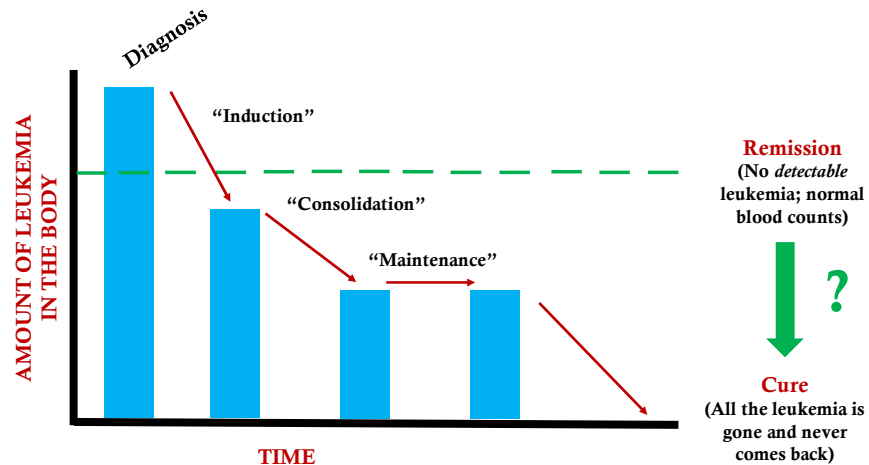


Shallis et al, *Blood Rev*, 2019 Jul, (36)70-87.

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AML for Beginners

- Is it curable?



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AML for Beginners

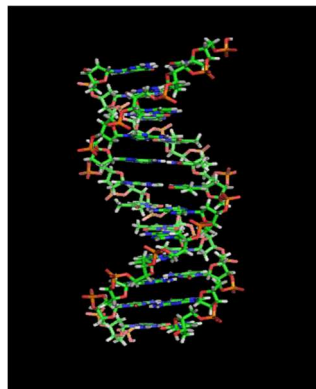
- Is it curable?

AGE



Older patients are less likely to be curable

GENETICS



Certain chromosome and gene changes are less likely to be curable

If not curable,
the goal is
typically to
live as well as
possible, for
as long as
possible

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AML for Beginners

- What's my prognosis?
 - Disease biology
 - Age
 - Other health issues
 - Social determinants

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AML for Beginners

- What's my prognosis?

| Risk Category | Genetic Abnormality |
|---------------|---|
| Favorable | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> t(8;21)(q22;q22.1)/RUNX1::RUNX1T1 inv(16)(p13.1;q22) or t(16;16)(p13.1;q22)/CBFB::MYH11 Mutated <i>NPM1</i>^a without <i>FLT3</i>-ITD bZIP in-frame mutated <i>CEBPA</i> |
| Intermediate | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mutated <i>NPM1</i>^a with <i>FLT3</i>-ITD Wild-type <i>NPM1</i> with <i>FLT3</i>-ITD t(9;11)(p21.3;q23.3)/MLL T3::KMT2A Cytogenetic and/or molecular abnormalities not classified as favorable or adverse |
| Adverse | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> t(6;9)(p23;q34.1)/DEK::NUP214 t(v;11q23.3)/KMT2A-rearranged t(9;22)(q34.1;q11.2)/BCR::ABL1 t(8;16)(p11.1;p13)/KAT6A::CREBBP inv(3)(q21.3;q26.2) or t(3;3)(q21.3;q26.2)/GATA2,MECOM(EVI1) t(3q26.2:v)/MECOM(EVI1)-rearranged -5 or del(5q); -7; -17/abn(17p) Complex karyotype, monosomal karyotype Mutated <i>ASXL1</i>, <i>BCOR</i>, <i>EZH2</i>, <i>RUNX1</i>, <i>SF3B1</i>, <i>SRSF2</i>, <i>STAG2</i>, <i>U2AF1</i>, or <i>ZRSR2</i> Mutated <i>TP53</i> |

Potentially curable
with intensive
chemotherapy alone

????

Potentially curable
only with transplant
after achieving
remission

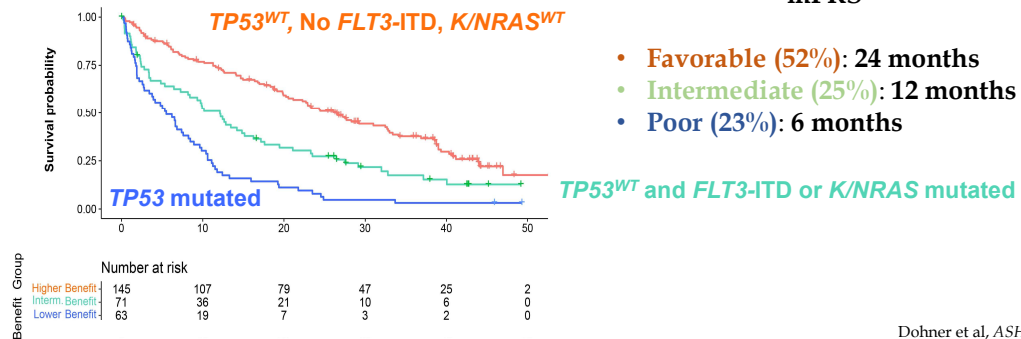
Khoury et al, *Leukemia*, 2022

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AML for Beginners

- What's my prognosis if not treated with intensive chemotherapy?

"Molecular Prognostic Risk Signature"
mPRS



Dohner et al, ASH, 2023
Bataller, Blood Adv, 2024

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AML for Beginners

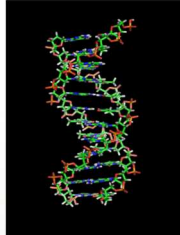
- How is it treated?

| | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| FIT | UNFIT |
| CURABLE | INCURABLE |
| ACTIONABLE TARGET | NO ACTIONABLE TARGET |

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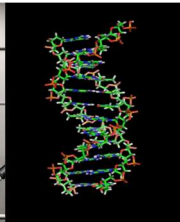
AML for Beginners

• How is it treated?



Lower intensity treatment

- Fewer potential side effects
- Mostly outpatient treatment
- Repeat cycles every month until it stops working
- Consideration of bone marrow (aka stem cell transplant) in a select few



Higher intensity treatment

- More potential side effects
- Usually ~1 month in the hospital
- Generally only up to 3-4 cycles of treatment
- Consideration of bone marrow (aka stem cell) transplant in most patients

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AML for Beginners

• What to expect with treatment

- Low red blood cells (anemia)
- Low platelets
- Low white blood cells
- Nausea / Diarrhea / Constipation
- Fatigue
- Hair loss
- Anxiety / Depression
- Fertility issues
- Frequent blood draws
- Bone marrow biopsies



Frequent blood and platelet transfusions



Preventative antibacterial, antiviral, antifungal medications



Supportive medications, Palliative Care/Symptom Management referral, Fertility specialists



PICC line or Port placement

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AML for Beginners

- What can I do on my own to maximize my chances of success during treatment?

Stay active!



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AML for Beginners

- What can I do on my own to maximize my chances of success during treatment?

Eat!



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AML for Beginners

- What can I do on my own to maximize my chances of success during treatment?

Train your brain!



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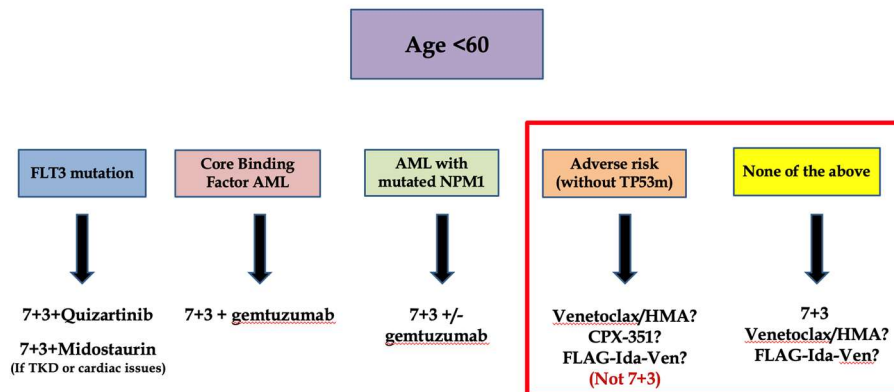
AML for Beginners

- What else should I be asking?
 - What is the standard treatment, and what alternatives are there?
 - If the initial treatment does not work, do I have back-up options?
 - Can I get a second opinion?
 - What clinical trials available?

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AML for Beginners

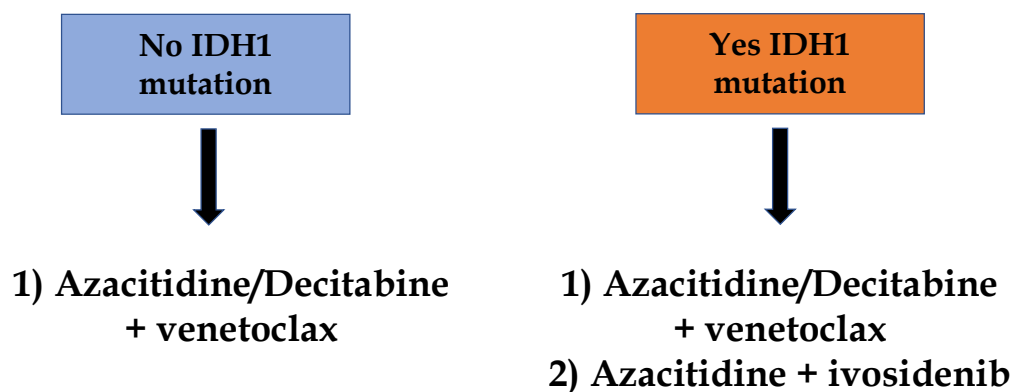
- Standard treatment paradigm, newly diagnosed AML in 2025 (“**FIT**”)



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AML for Beginners

- Standard treatment paradigm, newly diagnosed AML in 2025 (“**UNFIT**”)



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AML for Beginners

- What if my leukemia comes back or doesn't respond to initial treatment?

1) Test for targetable mutations

- *FLT3*
- *IDH*
- *NPM1* / *KMT2A*

2) Check for clinical trial availability

3) Change mechanism

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Cool New Stuff in AML!

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Cool New Stuff in AML!

- Paradigm shift?
- All oral treatment?
- Menin inhibitors
- Triplets
- Novel cell therapy approaches

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Paradigm Shift?

PARADIGM: A Phase 2 Randomized Study Comparing Venetoclax and Azacitidine to Induction Chemotherapy for Newly Diagnosed Fit Adults with Acute Myeloid Leukemia

DF/HCC SITES:

Massachusetts General Hospital - (Lead Site and Coordinating Center)
Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center
Dana Farber Cancer Institute

OTHER SITES:

City of Hope National Medical Center
Levine Cancer Institute/Atrium Healthcare
Ohio State University Comprehensive Cancer Center
University of California Davis Comprehensive Cancer Center
University of Pennsylvania Abramson Cancer Center
Stanford Cancer Institute, Stanford University

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Paradigm Shift?

Primary Objective:

- To evaluate event free survival for patients treated with venetoclax and azacytidine compared to patients treated with either 7+3 regimen or liposomal daunorubicin and cytarabine.

Key Inclusion Criteria:

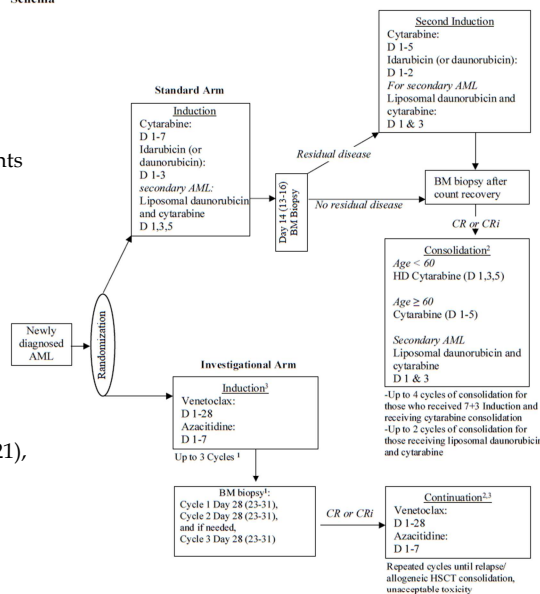
- Age ≥ 18 years
- Eligible for intensive induction chemotherapy, according to their treating physician

Key Exclusion Criteria:

- Diagnosis of AML with favorable cytogenetics [t(8;21), inv(16), t(16;16)]
- Patients < 60 years old with *NPM1*-mutated AML
- Patients with *FLT3*-mutated AML (TKD or ITD).

172 subjects were enrolled in the study

Schema



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Paradigm Shift?

Secondary Objectives:

- 30-day and 60-day mortality
- The proportion of patients receiving stem cell transplantation (SCT) following induction
- Quality of life, mood, symptom burden, coping, and patients post-traumatic stress disorder as assessed by:
 - Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy-Leukemia (FACT-Leuk)
 - Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS)
 - Edmonton Symptom Assessment Scale (ESAS)
 - Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder Checklist (PCL) Civil Version

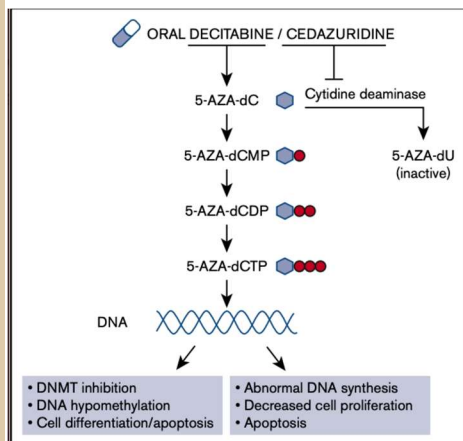
Secondary Objectives (Continued):

- Healthcare Utilization:
 - Days alive and spent out of the hospital
 - Number of hospital days
 - Number of hospitalizations
 - Emergency department (ED) visits
 - Admission to the ICU
 - Days in the ICU
- Overall cost of care: To cover first 6 months, excluding period of transplantation for patients who proceed to transplant.
- Incidence of neutropenic fever or neutropenic infections

Preliminary results expected later this year

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All oral treatment?



ASTX727 (Inqovi)

American Society of Hematology
Helping hematologists conquer blood diseases worldwide

Place video here

A Phase 1 Study Evaluating ASTX727 (Decitabine and Cedazuridine) and Venetoclax Combination Therapy in Newly Diagnosed AML Patients Unfit for Intensive Induction Chemotherapy

On behalf of the ASTX727-07 Investigators Team

Gabriel N. Mannis, MD¹, Elizabeth A. Griffiths, MD², Michael R. Savona, MD³, Olatoyosi Odenike, MD⁴, Gail J. Roboz, MD⁵, Casey L. O'Connell, MD⁶, Jacqueline Dillingham⁷, Pnaya Wason⁸, Lixia Zhu⁹, Danna Chan, PhD¹⁰, Harold N. Keer, MD, PhD¹¹, Aram Oganessian, PhD¹², Kim-Hien Dao, DO¹³ and Courtney D. DiNardo, MD, MS¹⁴

¹Department of Medicine, Division of Hematology, Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford, CA; ²Roswell Park Comprehensive Cancer Center, New York, NY; ³Vanderbilt-Ingram Cancer Center, Vanderbilt University School of Medicine, Nashville, TN; ⁴University of Chicago Medicine and Comprehensive Cancer Center, Chicago, IL; ⁵Massachusetts General Hospital, New York, NY; ⁶USC Keck School of Medicine, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, CA; ⁷Astex Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Pleasanton, CA; ⁸The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX

Abstract # 1245 presented at the American Society of Hematology Annual Meeting, Atlanta, GA, Dec 11 - 14, 2021

Mannis et al, *ASH* 2021

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2025 ASCO[®]
ANNUAL MEETING

#6504

An All-Oral Regimen of Decitabine-Cedazuridine Plus Venetoclax in Patients With Newly Diagnosed Acute Myeloid Leukemia Ineligible for Intensive Induction Chemotherapy: Results From a Phase 2 Cohort of 101 Patients

Amer M. Zeidan,¹ Elizabeth A. Griffiths,² Courtney D. DiNardo,³ Gabriel N. Mannis,⁴ Pau Montesinos,⁵ Montserrat Arnan,⁶ Michael R. Savona,⁷ Olatoyosi Odenike,⁸ James K. McCloskey,⁹ Harsh V. Amin,¹⁰ Amir T. Fathi,¹¹ Teresa Bernal del Castillo,¹² Gabriela Rodríguez-Macías,¹³ Jane Liesveld,¹⁴ Annie P. Im,¹⁵ Aram Oganessian,¹⁶ Qing Xu,¹⁶ Margit Dijkstra,¹⁶ Harold Keer,¹⁶ Gail J. Roboz¹⁷

¹Yale University, New Haven, CT, USA; ²Roswell Park Comprehensive Cancer Center, Buffalo, NY, USA; ³The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA; ⁴Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford, CA, USA; ⁵Hospital Universitari i Politècnic La Fe, Valencia, Spain; ⁶ICO l'Hospitalet - Hospital Duran i Reynals, Barcelona, Spain; ⁷Vanderbilt-Ingram Cancer Center, Vanderbilt University School of Medicine, Nashville, TN, USA; ⁸The University of Chicago Medicine and Comprehensive Cancer Center, Chicago, IL, USA; ⁹John Theurer Cancer Center, Hackensack Medical Center, Hackensack, NJ, USA; ¹⁰Boca Raton Clinical Research, Boca Raton, FL, USA; ¹¹Massachusetts General Hospital Cancer Center, Boston, MA, USA; ¹²Hospital Universitario Central de Asturias/Instituto Universitario del Principado de Asturias (ISPA)/Instituto Universitario de Oncología del Principado de Asturias (IUOPA), Oviedo, Spain; ¹³Hospital General Universitario Gregorio Marañón, Madrid, Spain; ¹⁴University of Rochester Medical Center, Rochester, NY, USA; ¹⁵University of Pittsburgh/UPMCHillman Cancer Center, Pittsburgh, PA, USA; ¹⁶Taiho Oncology, Inc., Pleasanton, CA, USA; ¹⁷Weill Cornell Medicine, New York-Presbyterian Hospital, New York, NY, USA

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All oral treatment?

- 101 patients treated
- Median age of 78
- Composite remission rate ~65%
- Of patients achieving remission, ~75% remained in remission 1 year later

Zeidan et al, ASCO 2025

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Menin Inhibitors

November 15, 2024

Syndax Announces FDA Approval of Revuforj® (revumenib), the First and Only Menin Inhibitor to Treat Adult and Pediatric Patients with Relapsed or Refractory Acute Leukemia with a KMT2A Translocation


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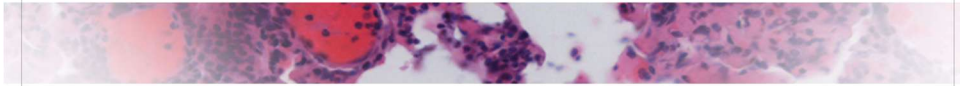
Menin Inhibitors



American Society of Hematology

Helping hematologists conquer blood diseases worldwide





Updated Results and Longer Follow-up From the AUGMENT-101 Phase 2 Study of Revumenib in All Patients With Relapsed or Refractory (R/R) *KMT2Ar* Acute Leukemia

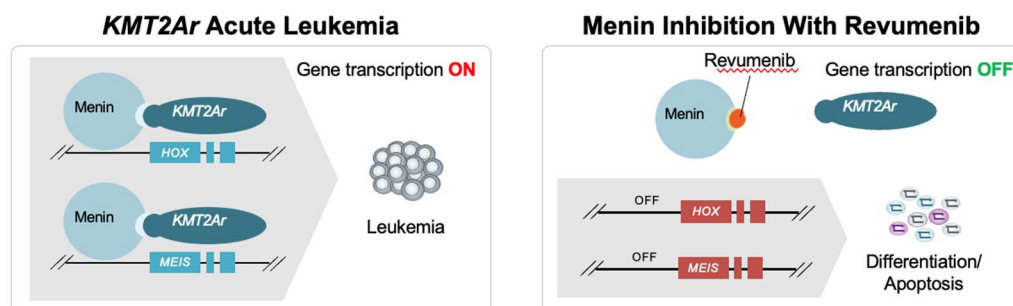
Ibrahim Aldoss, Ghayas C. Issa, James S. Blachly, Michael J. Thirman, Gabriel N. Mannis, Martha L. Arellano, John F. DiPersio, Elie Traer, C. Michel Zwaan, Neerav Shukla, Branko Cuglievan, Carolyn S. Grove, Matthew Greenwood, Christine M. McMahon, Alexander E. Perl, Richard M. Stone, Cristina Papayannidis, David S. Dickens, Maël Heiblig, Andrius Žučenka, Pau Montesinos, Ioannis Mantzaris, Tibor Kovacs, Paul J. Shami, Li Yu, Rebecca G. Bagley, Nicole McNeer, Eytan M. Stein

Presented at the 66th ASH Annual Meeting & Exposition; December 7–10, 2024; San Diego, CA. Oral abstract 211.

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Menin Inhibitors

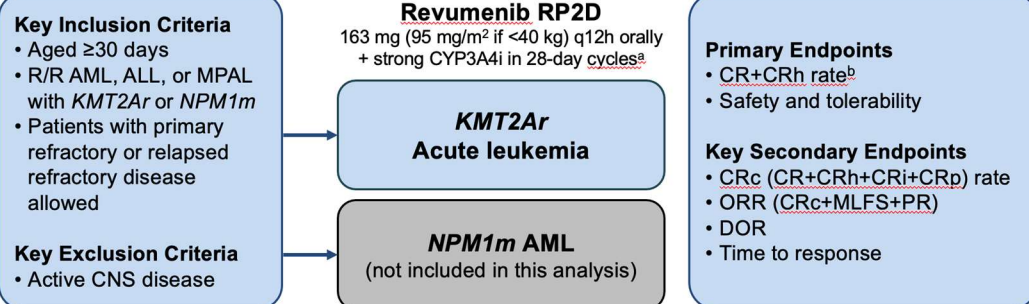
- Revumenib is an oral, small molecule menin inhibitor that disrupts menin-KMT2A interactions



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Menin Inhibitors

AUGMENT-101 Phase 2 Study Design



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Menin Inhibitors

Phase 2 *KMT2Ar*: Baseline Characteristics

| Parameter | Efficacy population (n=97) ^a | Safety population (N=116) ^b |
|---|--|---|
| Leukemia type, n (%) | | |
| AML | 78 (80.4) | 95 (81.9) |
| ALL | 13 (13.4) | 15 (12.9) |
| MPAL/other | 6 (6.2) | 6 (5.2) |
| Co-mutations, n (%) ^c | | |
| <i>FLT3</i> -ITD | 5 (5.2) | 7 (6.0) |
| <i>FLT3</i> -TKD | 2 (2.1) | 3 (2.6) |
| <i>RAS</i> | 12 (12.4) | 12 (10.3) |
| <i>TP53</i> | 5 (5.2) | 5 (4.3) |
| Primary refractory, n (%) | 19 (19.6) | 20 (17.2) |
| No. of prior lines of therapy, median (range) | 2 (1–11) | 2 (1–11) |
| ≥3, n (%) | 41 (42.3) | 51 (44.0) |
| Prior venetoclax, n (%) | 62 (63.9) | 73 (62.9) |
| Prior HSCT, n (%) | 46 (47.4) | 59 (50.9) |

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Menin Inhibitors

Phase 2 *KMT2A*r: Revumenib Efficacy

| Parameter | Efficacy population (n=97) ^a | Parameter | Efficacy population (n=97) ^a |
|---|--|----------------------|--|
| ORR, n (%) | 62 (63.9) | Best response, n (%) | |
| CR+CRh rate, n (%) | 22 (22.7) | CR | 15 (15.5) |
| 95% CI | 14.8–32.3 | CRh | 7 (7.2) |
| CRc, n (%) | 41 (42.3) | CRi | 2 (2.1) |
| 95% CI | 32.3–52.7 | CRp | 17 (17.5) |
| Negative MRD status, n (%) ^b | | MLFS | 20 (20.6) |
| CR+CRh | 11/18 (61.1) | PR | 1 (1.0) |
| CRc | 21/36 (58.3) | PD | 7 (7.2) |
| | | No response | 21 (21.6) |
| | | Other ^c | 7 (7.2) |

Data cutoff: February 29, 2024.

^aAll patients who have received ≥1 dose of revumenib, have been centrally confirmed for *KMT2A*r acute leukemia, and have ≥5% blasts in bone marrow at baseline.

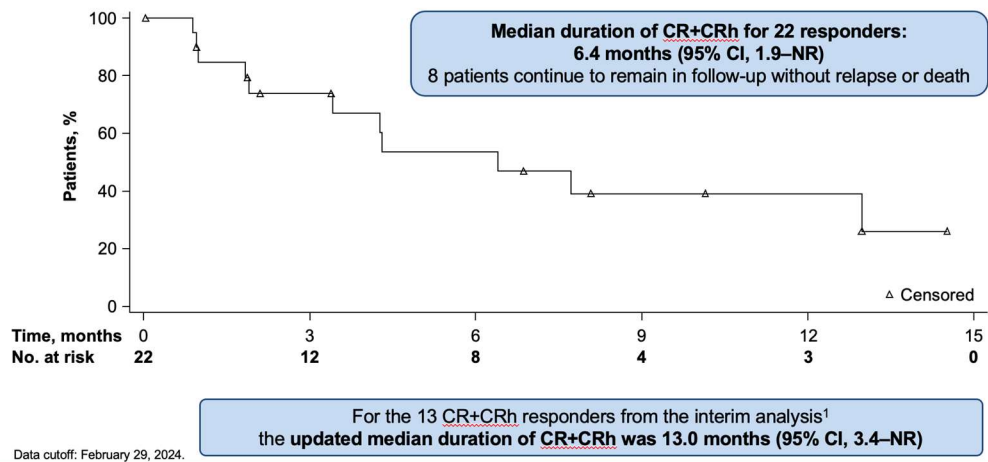
^bMRD done locally; not all patients had MRD status reported.

^cIncludes patients without postbaseline disease assessment.

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Menin Inhibitors

Phase 2 *KMT2A*r: Duration of CR+CRh



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Menin Inhibitors

- Revumenib now approved for relapsed/refractory KMT2A-r leukemia; NPM1 approval likely coming soon
- **Several other menin inhibitors already in development (ziftomenib, bleximenib, enzomenib)**
- Highly active class of drugs, short duration of response as monotherapy (best used as bridge to transplant)
- **Combination strategies in both the newly diagnosed and relapsed/refractory settings may increase response rates, response duration**
- Differentiation syndrome, EKG changes, gastrointestinal toxicity, and low blood counts are the key side effects; newer generations of these drugs may mitigate some of these issues

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Triplets



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Triplets: Can we improve on Ven/Aza?

- How to avoid being just a “third wheel”
 - *Single agent activity*
 - *Synergizes with ven and/or aza*
 - *Agnostic to type of AML*
 - *Targets known resistance mechanisms*
 - *Does not add significant side effects*
 - *Easy to take/administer*

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Triplets: Can we improve on Ven/Aza?

PARTIAL ACCESS | ORIGINAL REPORTS | January 26, 2024



Azacitidine, Venetoclax, and Gilteritinib in Newly Diagnosed and Relapsed or Refractory *FLT3*-Mutated AML

Authors: Nicholas J. Short MD, Naval Daver MD, Courtney D. DiNardo MD, Tapan M. Kadia MD, Lewis F. Nease MD, MSc, Wald Macaron MD, MSc, Musa Yilmaz MD, PhD, and Farhad Ravandi MD. [AUTHORS INFO & AFFILIATIONS](#)

Publication: Journal of Clinical Oncology • Volume 42, Number 13 • <https://doi.org/10.1200/JCO.2023.01911>

RESEARCH ARTICLES | JULY 05 2023

A Phase Ib/II Study of Ivosidenib with Venetoclax ± Azacitidine in *IDH1*-Mutated Myeloid Malignancies **FREE**

Curtis A. Lachowicz, Sanam Loghavi, Zhihong Zeng, Tomoyuki Tanaka, Yi June Kim, Hidetaka Uryu, Sven Turkat, Niels-Anger Jakobsen, Marilee R. Luskin, Doris Y. Duosse, Rebecca S.S. Tidwell, Nicholas J. Short, Gautam Borthakur, Tapan M. Kadia, Lucia Masarova, George D. Tippet, Prithviraj Bose, Elias J. Jabbour, Farhad Ravandi, Naval G. Daver, Guillermo Garcia-Manero, Hagop Kantarjian, Jacqueline S. Garcia, Paresh Vyas, Koichi Takahashi, Marina Konopleva, Courtney D. DiNardo

616.ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIAS: INVESTIGATIONAL DRUG AND CELLULAR THERAPIES | NOVEMBER 5, 2024

Phase I/II Study of the All-Oral Combination of Revumenib (SNDX-5613) with Decitabine/Cedazuridine (ASTX727) and Venetoclax (SAVE) in R/R AML

Ghayas C. Issa, Branko Cuglievan, Naval Daver, Courtney D. DiNardo, Aziz Farhat, Nicholas J. Short, David McCall, Allison Pike, Sheila Tan, Brianna Kammerer, Aimee Marshal, Musa Yilmaz, Tapan M. Kadia, Naveen Pemmaraju, Maro Ohanian, Hussein A. Abbas, Abhishek Maiti, Alexandre Bazinet, Elias Jabbour, Koji Sasaki, Gautam Borthakur, Guillermo Montalban-Bravo, Nitin Jain, Yesid Alvarado Valero, Farhad Ravandi, Guillermo Garcia-Manero, Michael Andreoff, Hagop M. Kantarjian

PRESENTATION ID S139

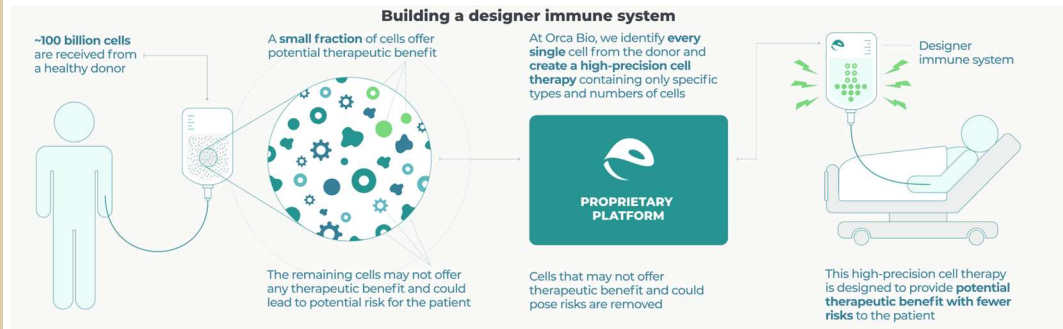
Auditorium

TUSCANY STUDY OF SAFETY AND EFFICACY OF TUSPENTINIB PLUS STANDARD OF CARE VENETOCLAX AND AZACITIDINE IN STUDY PARTICIPANTS WITH NEWLY DIAGNOSED AML INELIGIBLE FOR INDUCTION CHEMOTHERAPY

Dr. Gabriel Mannis (Stanford, CA, United States of America)

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Novel cell therapy approaches: Transplant



“Engineered” stem cell product may be able to remove cells responsible for causing graft versus host disease (GVHD) without compromising the power of the donor immune system

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Novel cell therapy approaches: Transplant

Orca Bio Announces Positive Results from the Pivotal Phase 3 Study of Investigational Orca-T® Compared to Allogeneic Stem Cell Transplant for the Treatment of Hematologic Malignancies

Precision-T study met the primary endpoint of a statistically significant improvement in survival free of moderate-to-severe chronic graft versus host disease (cGVHD), showing 78% with Orca-T versus 38% with conventional allogeneic stem cell transplant (alloH SCT) at one year (HR 0.26, $p < 0.00001$)

Overall survival with Orca-T was 94% compared to 83% with alloH SCT at one year, and the cumulative incidence of moderate-to-severe cGVHD was 13% versus 44%, respectively

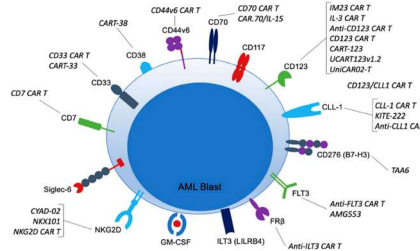
“Engineered” stem cell product may be able to remove cells responsible for causing graft versus host disease (GVHD) without compromising the power of the donor immune system

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Novel cell therapy approaches: CAR T cells

Antigen Targets for Myeloid Malignancies

- **CD123:** Expressed on 95% of leukemic stem cells on ~80% AML and also present in MDS and MPN
- **CLL1:** C-type lectin-like receptor expressed on up to 92% blasts and 45% leukemic stem cells in >85% AML patients
- **CD33:** Expressed in ~90% of leukemic stem cells in 85% of AML cases
- **CD70:** TNF-alpha family protein expressed on >75% leukemic blast and stem cells in 85% of AML patients but not on normal hematopoietic tissue



Marvin-Peek, Cancers. 2022.
Schoer, Front Immunol. 2022

- Need to kill AML cells but preserve normal white blood cells
- Unclear if a suitable target antigen exists in AML

Slide courtesy of Hany Elmariah

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Novel cell therapy approaches: CAR T cells

TABLE 1 | CAR T cell trials in myeloid malignancies currently recruiting.

| Disease | Interventions | Identifier ID | Phase | Location |
|---------|--|---------------|--------|---|
| AML | CD123/CLL1 CAR T cells | NCT03631576 | II/III | Fujian Medical University Union Hospital, China |
| | CLL-1, CD33 and/or CD123 CAR T cells | NCT04010877 | I/II | Shenzhen Geno-Immune Medical Institute, China |
| | CD123 CAR T cells | NCT03796390 | I | Hebei Yanda Ludaopei Hospital, China |
| | CD123 CAR T cells | NCT03585517 | I | Xian Lu, China |
| | Muc1/CLL1/CD33/CD38/CD56/CD123 CAR T cells | NCT03222674 | I/II | Zhujiang Hospital of Southern Medical University, Yunnan Cancer Hospital, Shenzhen Geno-Immune Medical Institute, China |
| | CD38/CD33/CD56/CD123/CD117/CD133/CD34/Muc1 CAR T cells | NCT03473457 | N/A | Southern Medical University Zhujiang Hospital, China |
| | CD123 CAR T cells expressing EGFRt | | I | Fengtai District, China |
| | CD44v6 CAR T cells | NCT04097301 | I/II | IRCCS San Raffaele, IRCCS Ospedale Pediatrico Bambino Gesù, Italy |
| | CD33 CAR T cells | NCT03971799 | I/II | The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, USA |
| | Universal CD123 CAR T cells | NCT03190278 | I | H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Weill Medical College of Cornell University, MD Anderson Cancer Center, USA |
| | CD123 CAR T cells | NCT04014881 | I | Union Hospital, Tongji Medical College, Huazhong University of Science and Technology, China |
| | CD123 CAR T cells | NCT03556982 | I/II | 307 Hospital of PLA, China |
| | CD123 CAR T cells expressing EGFRt | NCT02159495 | I | City of Hope Medical Center, USA |
| | CD123 CAR T cells | NCT03766126 | I | University of Pennsylvania, USA |

Mardiana et al, Front Oncol 2020

- New "logic gated" (if/and) and "shielded" CAR T cell approaches hold promise but still not ready for prime time

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AML Summary

- AML remains a very challenging disease, but...
- Significant progress has been made in the past few years, and...
- There is a lot more on the horizon in the coming years



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Thanks!


All of my patients and their families



Stanford Hematology

| | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Caroline Berube | Lawrence Leung |
| Roni Brar | Michaela Liedtke |
| Steve Coutre | Ravi Majeti |
| Robert Diep | Beth Martin |
| Bitu Fakhri | Ann Mullaly |
| Peter Greenberg | Giselle Salmasi |
| Jason Gotlib | William Shomali |
| David Iberri | Tian Zhang |

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ASK A QUESTION

BREAKTHROUGHS AND PROGRESS: ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIA (AML)

Ask a question by **phone**:
Press star (*) then the number 1 on your keypad.


Ask a question by **web**:
Click "Ask a question"
Type your question
Click "Submit"

Due to time constraints, we can only take one question per person. Once you've asked your question, the operator will transfer you back into the audience line.



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LLS EDUCATION & SUPPORT RESOURCES



HOW TO CONTACT US:

To contact an **Information Specialist** about disease, treatment and support information, resources and clinical trials:
www.LLS.org/InformationSpecialists

Call: (800) 955-4572
Monday to Friday, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET

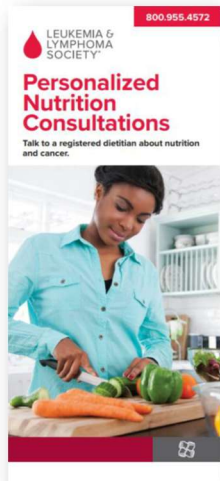
Chat live online: www.LLS.org/InformationSpecialists
Monday to Friday, 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. ET

Email: www.LLS.org/ContactUs




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www.LLSNutrition.org



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LLS EDUCATION & SUPPORT RESOURCES



Online Chats

Online Chats are free, live sessions, moderated by oncology social workers. To register for one of the chats below, or for more information, please visit www.LLS.org/Chat



Education Videos

View our free education videos on disease, treatment, and survivorship. To view all patient videos, please visit www.LLS.org/EducationVideos



Patient Podcast

The Bloodline with LLS is here to remind you that after a diagnosis comes hope. To listen to an episode, please visit www.TheBloodline.org

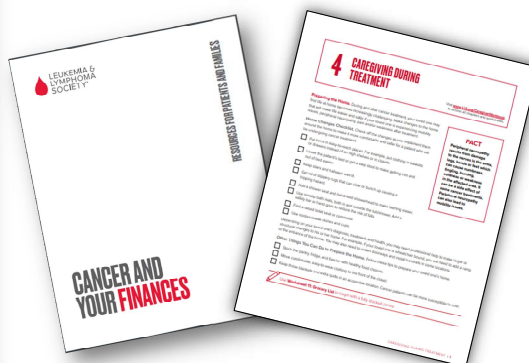


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LLS EDUCATION & SUPPORT RESOURCES



The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society (LLS) offers the following financial assistance programs to help individuals with blood cancers: www.LLS.org/Finances.



To order free materials: www.LLS.org/Booklets



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THANK YOU

PLEASE PROVIDE US WITH FEEDBACK, BY VISITING
WWW.LLS.ORG/EVAL OR SCAN FOR SURVEY:



We have one goal: A world without blood cancers

