

TREATMENT UPDATE: MYELODYSPLASTIC SYNDROMES (MDS)

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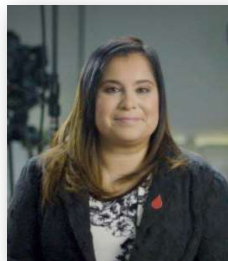
May 11, 2022



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WELCOMING REMARKS

TREATMENT UPDATE: MYELODYSPLASTIC SYNDROMES (MDS)



Lizette Figueroa-Rivera, MA
Sr. Director, Education & Support
The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society



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Updates in



Myelodysplastic Syndromes

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DISCLOSURES

TREATMENT UPDATE: MYELODYSPLASTIC SYNDROMES (MDS)

Mikkael A. Sekeres, MD, has affiliations with Bristol Myers Squibb/Celgene, Novartis and Kurome Therapeutics (*Consultant*).

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MDS Machinations | Agenda

What kind of MDS do I have?



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MDS | WHO Classification

2008 Name	Abbrev.	2016 Name	Abbrev.
Refractory cytopenia with unilineage dysplasia	RCUD (includes RA, RN and RT)	MDS with single lineage dysplasia	MDS-SLD
Refractory anemia with ring sideroblasts	RARS	MDS with ring sideroblasts	MDS-RS
MDS w/ isolated del(5q)	Del(5q)	<i>unchanged</i>	<i>unchanged</i>
Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia	RCMD	MDS with multilineage dysplasia	MDS-MLD
		(with ring sideroblasts)	MDS-RS-MLD
Refractory anemia with excess blasts, type 1	RAEB-1	MDS with excess blasts, type 1	MDS-EB-1
Refractory anemia with excess blasts, type 2	RAEB-2	MDS with excess blasts, type 2	MDS-EB-2
MDS, Unclassifiable	MDS-U	<i>unchanged</i>	<i>unchanged</i>
Refractory cytopenia(s) of childhood	RCC	<i>unchanged</i>	<i>unchanged</i>

Adapted from Arber et al. *Blood* 2016;127:2391.

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MDS | Classification



Sponsored by the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute in collaboration with the National Cancer Institute

Table 1: Local (Data-Entry) vs. Central Pathology Study Assignment

Local Pathology Assignment (Data Entry)	Central Pathology Study Assignment							Total
	MDS	MDS/MPN overlap	ICUS	AML <30% Blasts	Other AML	Other Malignancy	Other	
MDS	193	12	8	3	1	7	40	264
MDS/MPN overlap	3	9	0	0	0	3	0	15
ICUS	9	2	20	0	0	4	27	62
AML <30% Blasts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other AML	4	0	0	10	32	0	0	46
Other Malignancy	3	8	0	0	2	26	10	49
Other	54	14	21	2	3	53	335	482
Total	266	45	49	15	38	93	412	918
Agreement Rate	193/266 (72.6%)	9/45 (20.0%)	20/49 (40.8%)	0/15 (0.0%)	32/38 (84.2%)	26/93 (28.0%)	335/412 (81.3%)	

Zhang et al. ASH 2018.

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MDS | IPSS Classification

Calculation of prognostic score

Score	0	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0
BM Blast %	< 5	5-10		11-20	21-29
Cytogenetics	Good	Intermediate	Poor		
Cytopenias	0/1	2/3			

Estimation of prognosis

Lower-Risk	Overall Score	IPSS Subgroup	Median Survival (Years)
↓	0	Low	5.7
	0.5-1.0	Intermediate-1	3.5
	1.5-2.0	Intermediate-2	1.2
	≥2.5	High	0.4

Greenberg P, et. al. *Blood* 1997;89:2079-88.

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MDS | IPSS-R Scoring

VARIABLE	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	3	4
Cytogenetics	V. Good		Good		Intermediate	Poor	V. Poor
BM Blast %	≤2		>2-<5%		5-10%	>10%	
Hemoglobin	≥10		8-<10	<8			
Platelets	≥100	50-<100	<50				
ANC	≥0.8	<0.8					

Prognostic Risk Categories/Scores

RISK GROUP	Risk Score	Median Survival (Yrs)
Very Low	≤1.5	8.8
Low	>1.5-3	5.3
Intermediate	>3-4.5	3.0
High	>4.5-6	1.6
Very High	>6	0.8

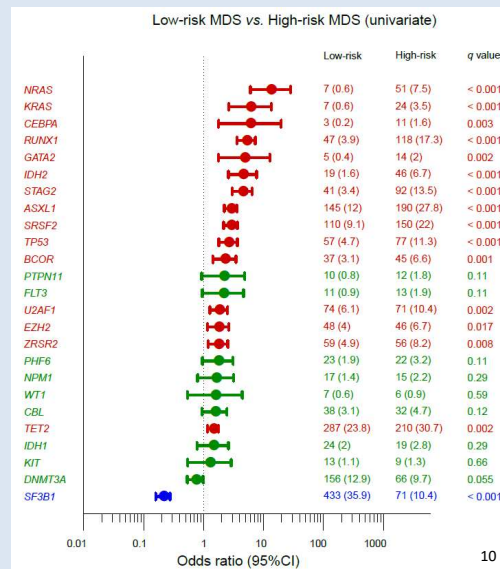
Greenberg et al. *Blood* 2012;120:2454-65.

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MDS | Mutation Risk

Driver genes can be classified into molecular subtypes differentially associated with disease severity



Makishima et al. *Nat Genetics* 2017; 49:204.

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MDS Machinations | Agenda

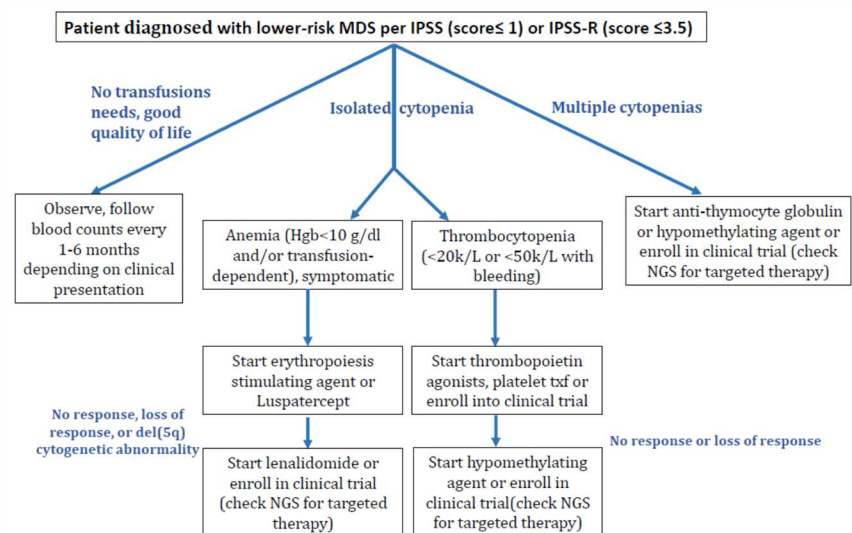
How should I treat my MDS?



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MDS | Treatment – Lower-risk

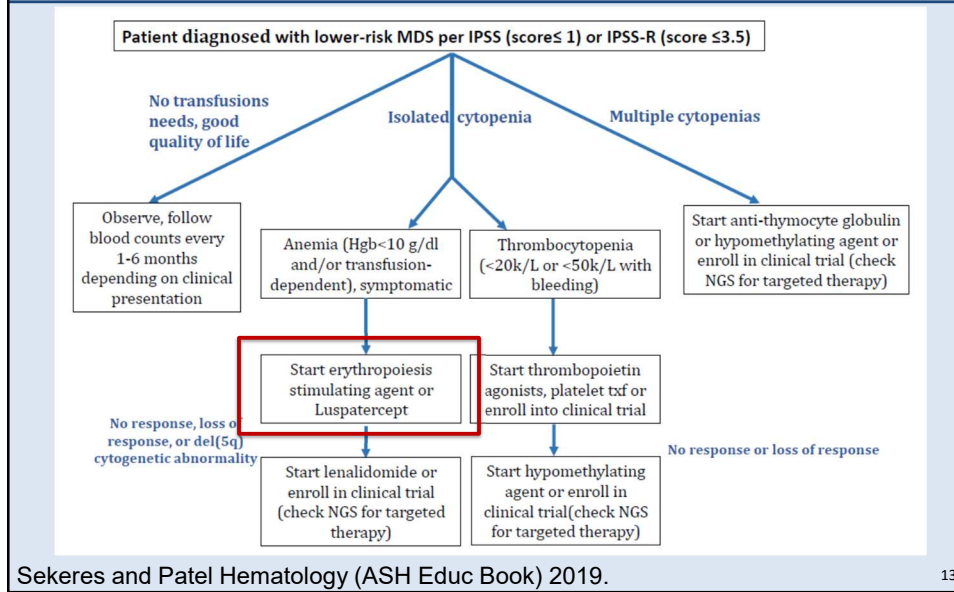


Sekeres and Patel Hematology (ASH Educ Book) 2019.

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MDS | Ameliorating Anemia



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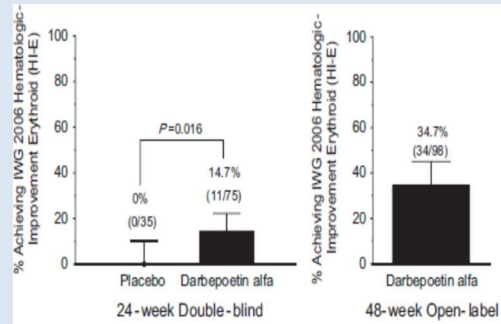
Lower-risk MDS | Ameliorating Anemia: ESAs

ESAs RR 15 - 40%

Table II. Response results.

	Patients (%)	Response rate
Growth factors	100	39.5
EPO	57.3	39.4
EPO + GCSF	23.4	47.8
GMCSF	6.2	37.8
EPO + GMCSF	5.8	33.7
GCSF	3.0	47.9
IL3	3.0	17.0
IL6	1.3	38.1

N = 1587



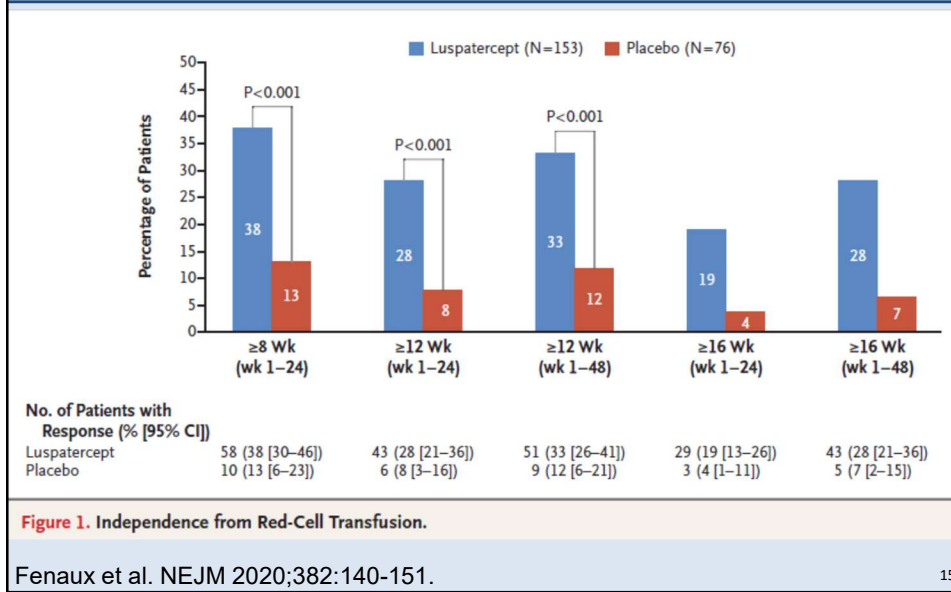
N = 147 (2:1)

Golshayan et al. Br J Haem 2007;137:125.
Platzbecker et al. Leukemia 2017;31:1944.

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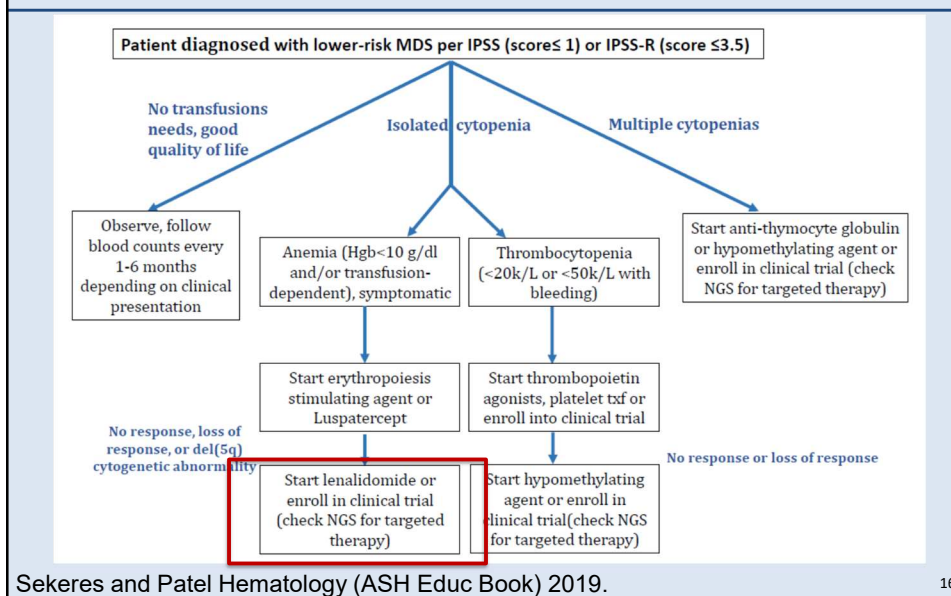
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MDS | Ameliorating Anemia: LUSPAT



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MDS | Treatment – Lower-risk



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Lower-risk MDS | Ameliorating Anemia: LEN

Del (5q)

	RBC-TI, n (%) [95% CI]		
	Placebo	Lenalidomide 5 mg	Lenalidomide 10 mg
mITT population	n = 51	n = 47	n = 41
Protocol defined (≥ 26 weeks)	3 (5.9) [1.2-16.2]	20 (42.6) [28.3-57.8]*	23 (56.1) [39.7-71.5]*
IWG 2000 ¹³ (≥ 8 weeks)	4 (7.8) [2.2-18.9]	24 (51.1) [36.1-65.9]*	25 (61.0) [44.5-75.8]*
IWG 2006 ¹⁴ (≥ 8 weeks)	3 (5.9) [1.2-16.2]	24 (51.1) [36.1-65.9]	25 (61.0) [44.5-75.8]*

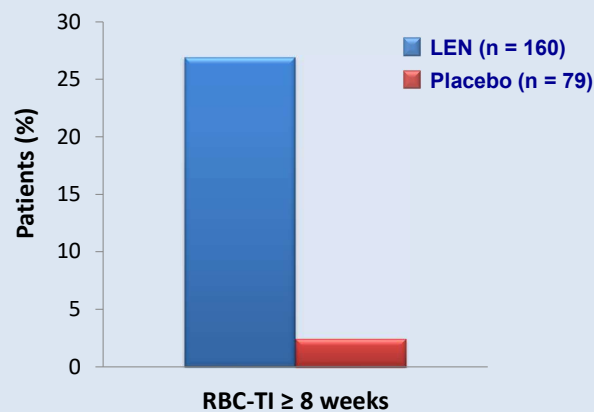
Fenaux et al. *Blood* 2011;118:3765-76.

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Lower-risk MDS | Ameliorating Anemia: LEN

Significantly more LEN patients achieved RBC-TI ≥ 8 weeks versus placebo ($P < 0.001$)

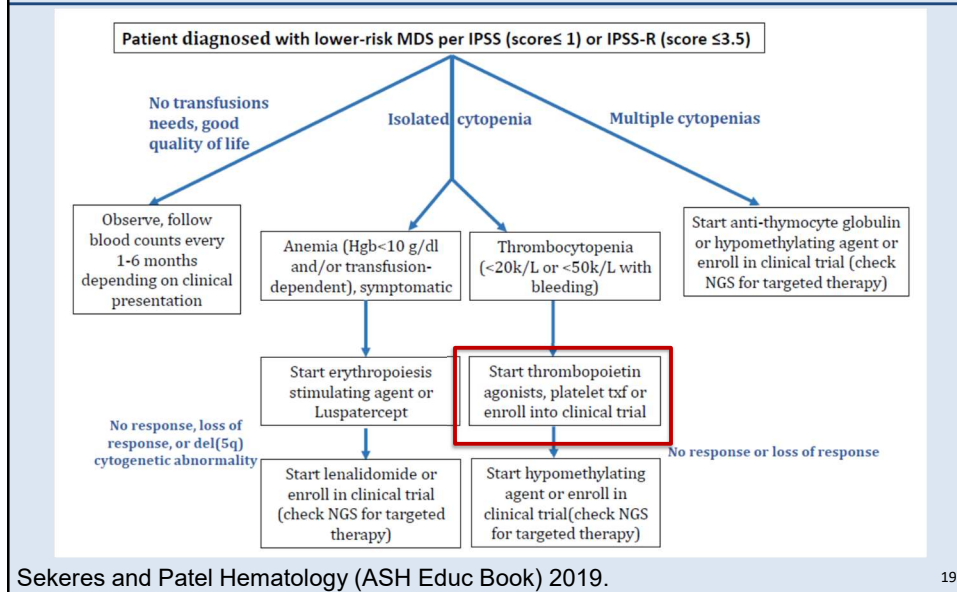


Santini et al. *JCO* 2016;34:2988

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MDS | Tackling Thrombocytopenia



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Lower-risk MDS | Tackling Thrombocytopenia

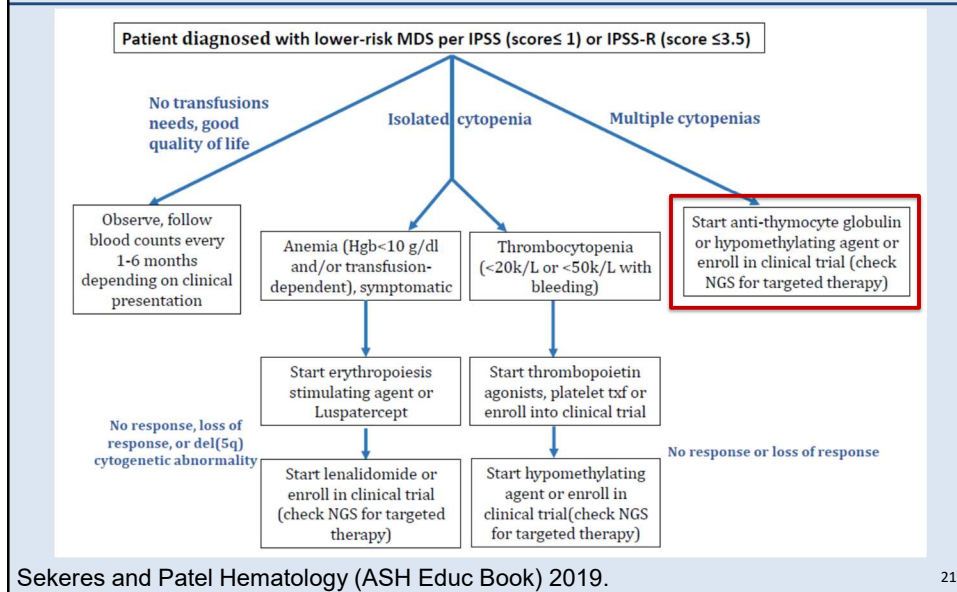
	Baseline platelets < 20x10 ⁹ /L		Baseline platelets ≥ 20x10 ⁹ /L	
	Placebo (N = 43)	Romiplostim (N = 87)	Placebo (N = 40)	Romiplostim (N = 80)
CSBE (rate/100 pt-yr)	501.2	514.9	226.4	79.5
	RR = 1.03, p = 0.827		RR = 0.35, p < 0.0001	
PTE (rate/100 pt-yr)	1778.6	1250.5	179.8	251.8
	RR = 0.71, p < 0.0001		RR = 1.38, p = 0.1479	

Giagounides et al. *Cancer* 2014;120:1838.

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MDS | Modifying MLD



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Lower-risk MDS | Modifying MLD: HMA

Response	N (%)
CR	33 (36)
mCR	8 (9)
HI	13 (14)
ORR	54 (59)
SD	31 (34)
PD	6 (7)

- Median time to best response: 2 months (range: 1-20)
- Median number of cycles received: 9 (range: 2-32)

Jabbour et al. for MDS CRC Blood 2017;130:1514

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Lower-risk MDS | Modifying MLD: ATG

	N. (total)	% (95%CI)
All responses - intent to treat	9 (27)	33.3 (11-54)
HI-E [†]	7 (18)	38.9
HI-E, major	6	
HI-E, minor	1	
HI-N, major [‡]	3 (10)	30.0
HI-P, major [‡]	3 (13)	23.0
No response - intent to treat	18 (27)	66.7 (46-83)

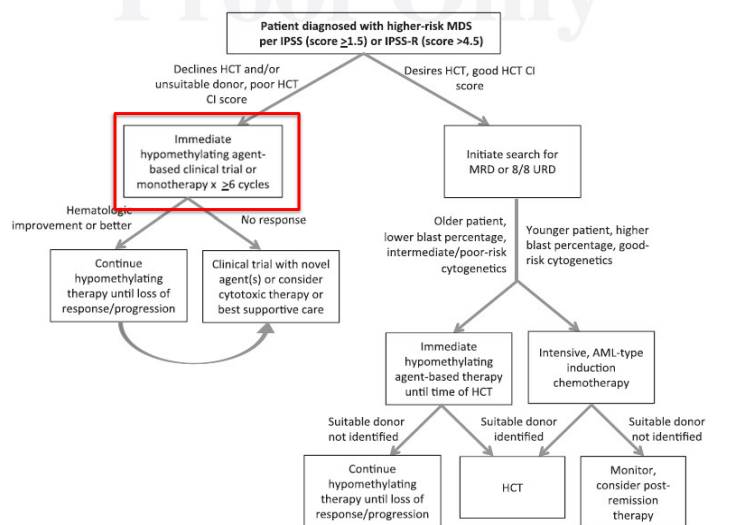
Measure	Treatment Arm		P
	ATG+CSA (n = 45)	BSC (n = 43)	
No treatment, No. of patients*	5	—	
Crossed over to ATG+CSA, No. of patients	—	14	
Hematologic response (CR+PR) by 3 months			
No. of patients	9	4	
%	20	9	
Hematologic response (CR+PR) by 6 months [†]			.016
No. of patients	13	4	
%	29	9	
Hematologic response (CR+PR+HI) by 6 months (IWG criteria) ^{††}			.009
No. of patients	14	4	
%	31	9	

Komrokji et al Haematologica 2014;99:1176.
 Passweg et al. JCO 2011;29:303.

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Higher-risk MDS | HMA and HCT

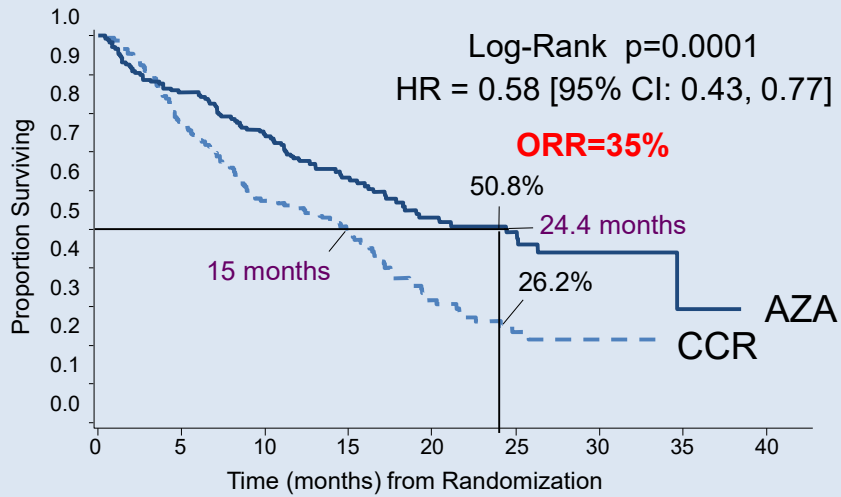


Sekeres and Cutler Blood 2014;123:829.

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Higher-risk MDS | HMAs: AZA

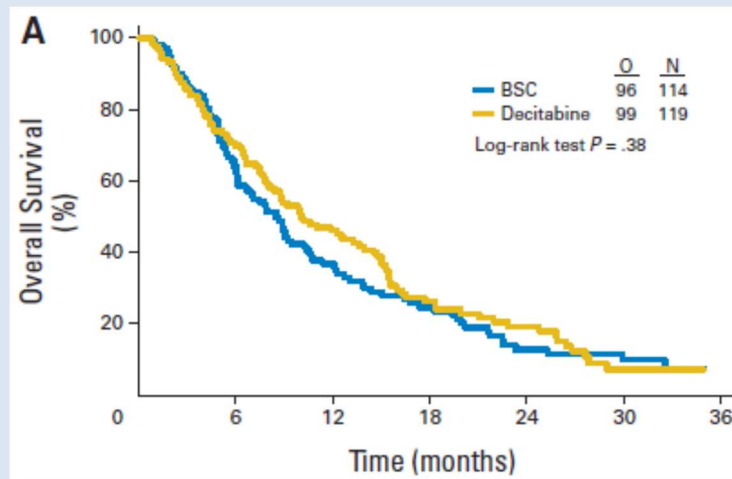


Fenaux P, et al. Lancet Oncology 2009;10:223-232.

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Higher-risk MDS | HMAs: DAC



Median OS 10.1 vs. 8.5 months

Lubbert et al. JCO 2011;29:1987.

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Higher-risk MDS | HMAs: DAC/CED

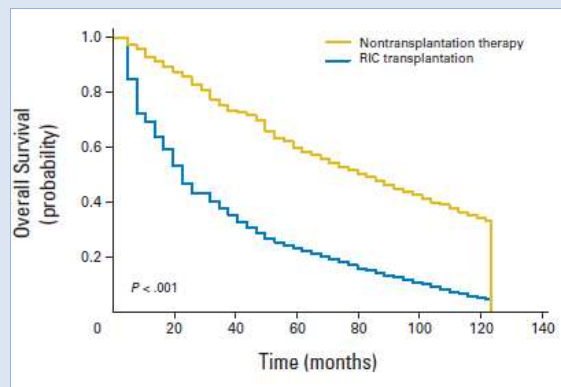
Oral Cedazuridine/Decitabine Phase 2 In Int-1, Int-2, High, CMML

Type of response	Phase 2 overall (N=80)	
	n (%)	95% CI
CR	17 (21)	13, 32
PR	0	
mCR	18 (22)	14, 33
With HI	6 (7)	3, 16
HI	13 (16)	9, 26
HI-E	8 (10)	4, 19
HI-N	2 (2)	0, 9
HI-P	11 (14)	7, 23
Overall response (CR + PR + mCR + HI)	48 (60)	48, 71
No response	32 (40)	29, 52

Garcia-Manero et al. *Blood* 2020 27

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Lower-risk MDS | HCT



Low/Int-1 MDS

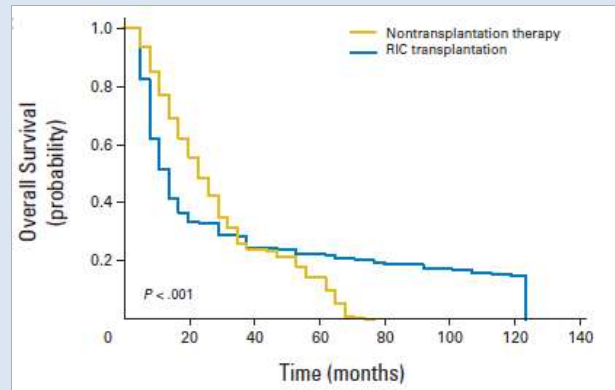
Test of Equality over Strata	
Test	p
Log-Rank	<.0001
Wilcoxon	<.0001
-2Log(LR)	<.0001

Koreth et al. *JCO* 2013;31:2662

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Higher-risk MDS | HCT



Test of Equality over Strata	
Test	p
Log-Rank	<.0001
Wilcoxon	<.0001
-2Log(LR)	<.0001

Int-2/High MDS

Koreth et al. JCO 2013;31:2662

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MDS Machinations | Agenda

What can I do to maximize the chance
treatment will work?

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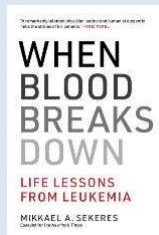
MDS Machinations | Treatment

- Most side effects are manageable – ask your healthcare team to manage them!
 - e.g., Change AZA from SC to IV
 - Take nausea or constipation meds liberally
- Drugs take a while to work – plan on 4-6 months
- Do not start and stop MDS meds
- This is a marathon, not a race



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Thanks!!!



MDS | The National Myelodysplastic Syndromes Natural History Study
 Sponsored by the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute in collaboration with the National Cancer Institute



SYLVESTER
 COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CENTER
 UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI HEALTH SYSTEM

UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI
 MILLER SCHOOL
 of MEDICINE

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ASK A QUESTION

TREATMENT UPDATE: MYELODYSPLASTIC SYNDROMES (MDS)

Ask a question by **phone**:

Press star (*) then the number 1 on your keypad.

Ask a question by **web**:

Click "Ask a question"

Type your question

Click "Submit"

Due to time constraints, we can only take one question per person. Once you've asked your question, the operator will transfer you back into the audience line.

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LLS EDUCATION & SUPPORT RESOURCES



HOW TO CONTACT US:

To contact an **Information Specialist** about disease, treatment and support information, resources and clinical trials:

Call: **(800) 955-4572**

Monday to Friday, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET

Chat live online: www.LLS.org/InformationSpecialists

Monday to Friday, 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. ET

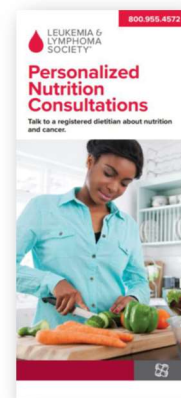
Email: www.LLS.org/ContactUs

All email messages are answered within one business day.

CLINICAL TRIAL SUPPORT CENTER

Work one-on-one with an LLS Clinical Trial Nurse Navigator who will help you find clinical trials and personally assist you throughout the entire clinical-trial process.

www.LLS.org/Navigation



NUTRITION CONSULTATIONS

Our registered dietitian has expertise in oncology nutrition and provides free one-on-one consultations by phone or email.

www.LLS.org/Consult.

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LLS EDUCATION & SUPPORT RESOURCES



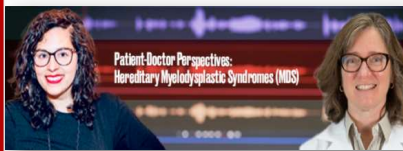
Online Chats

Online Chats are free, live sessions, moderated by oncology social workers. To register for one of the chats below, or for more information, please visit www.LLS.org/Chat.



Education Videos

View our free education videos on disease, treatment, and survivorship. To view all patient videos, please visit www.LLS.org/EducationVideos.



Patient Podcast

The Bloodline with LLS is here to remind you that after a diagnosis comes hope. To listen to an episode, please visit www.TheBloodline.org.

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LLS EDUCATION & SUPPORT RESOURCES

877.557.2672

LEUKEMIA & LYMPHOMA SOCIETY

Help With Finances

The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society (LLS) offers financial assistance* to help individuals with blood cancer.

The LLS Patient Aid Program provides financial assistance to blood cancer patients in active treatment. Eligible patients will receive a \$100 stipend. Visit www.LLS.org/PatientAid

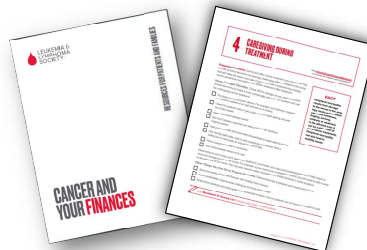
The Urgent Need Program, established in partnership with Mopgen's Love, helps pediatric and young adult blood cancer patients, or adult blood cancer patients who are enrolled in clinical trials, with acute financial need. The program provides a \$500 grant to assist with non-medical expenses, including utilities, rent, mortgage, food, lodging, dental care, child care, elder care, and other essential needs. Visit www.LLS.org/UrgentNeed

The Susan Leng Pay-It-Forward Patient Travel Assistance Program provides blood cancer patients a \$500 grant to assist with transportation and lodging-related expenses. Visit www.LLS.org/Travel

The Co-Pay Assistance Program offers financial support toward the cost of insurance co-payments and/or insurance premiums for prescription drugs. Visit www.LLS.org/CoPay

*Funding for LLS Co-Pay Assistance Program is provided by pharmaceutical companies. Funding for other LLS financial assistance programs is provided by donations from individual donors, corporations, and foundations.

The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society (LLS) offers the following financial assistance programs to help individuals with blood cancers: www.LLS.org/Finances



To order free materials:
www.LLS.org/Booklets

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