## **9** CARING FOR YOURSELF

Visit www.LLS.org/CaregiverWorkbook to access all chapters and worksheets.

As a caregiver you may not be taking very good care of your own needs because you are so focused on caring for your loved one. This is understandable, but to offer your loved one the best possible care, you need to be healthy and well yourself, both physically and emotionally. In the next few pages, learn strategies for taking better care of yourself while caring for a cancer patient.

**Ways to Care Yourself.** Caring for someone who is sick and, at the same time, worrying about what the future holds is exhausting and can quickly lead to burnout. Caregiving can be a full-time job. Often, caregivers will just keep doing what needs to be done and neglect their own well-being or feel guilty if they do take time for themselves.

Use the following strategies to make sure you don't forget to take care of yourself. Even if you have only a few minutes to spare here and there, taking that time for yourself and doing at least some of these things can still make a difference.

- O Get some form of exercise like walking or take an aerobics class.
- Create a support system. Call friends or a family member when you need to talk or need help.
- Keep up with a hobby or something you enjoy doing, such as reading, painting or gardening.
- Try to stay connected with friends even if you do have to cut back on your social life.
- Try journaling to provide an outlet to express yourself so that you can process and cope with your emotions.
- Eat well-balanced meals. Caregiving can leave little time, and many people turn to fast food or junk food. Get the nutrition your body needs.
- O Have a place where you can go to "escape" and just be by yourself.
- Set priorities each day and make sure the most important tasks get done, but try not to worry about items further down on your to-do list.
- Seek proper medical care for yourself as well by seeing your primary care provider (PCP). Follow any directions given by your PCP. For example, take any medications as prescribed.
- Try to cut out smoking and drinking alcohol.
- Try to get a good amount of sleep each night and find time to rest throughout the day.

**Accept Help from Friends and Family Members.** Learning to let go and to accept help will lower your anxiety levels and raise your spirits. People want to chip in, but they may not be sure what kinds of help you need. Keep a list of all caregiving tasks. That way, when friends or family members offer to help, you can give them specific tasks. Try using a caregiver mobile app to help you coordinate help from family and friends.

- "Being a caregiver is stressful. It is a necessary thing. To me, there is a lot of on-the-job training. There are a lot of decisions that you have to make that you wish you didn't have to make; a lot of decisions that you have to make that you are just completely unprepared for, but in order to get through it, you definitely need some down time. You need some 'me' time and don't feel bad about it."
- —Kimberly, caregiver and wife of Elijah, who passed from myeloma

Excerpt from July 2018 "No Playbook for Caregiving: Kimberly's Story" podcast episode on *The Bloodline with LLS* (www.LLS.org/TheBloodline)

	Examples of caregiving coordination apps include	TID.				
	O Lotsa Helping Hands: www.lotsahelpinghands.com	TIP:				
	O Caringbridge: www.caringbridge.org	In order to care for your				
	O MyLifeLine: www.mylifeline.org	loved one, you have to take care of yourself too. As the				
but learning	<b>ak.</b> If you're a full-time caregiver, you can't always take a day off, techniques to alleviate stress throughout the day can be extremely leep-breathing techniques. Listen to relaxing music, take a short	saying goes, you can't pour from an empty cup.				
walk or call a friend. However you choose to get away during the day, you need at least 30 minutes a day to yourself.						
	For more information about coping strategies, visit www.LLS.org/booklets to view Managing Stress: How Stress Affects You and Ways to Cope.					
Creating a	Self-Care Plan. Self-care is					
<ul> <li>Taking action to maintain or improve your own mental, emotional and physical health, especially during times of stress</li> </ul>						
Intentionally doing things that improve your mood and lower your stress levels.						
Use the following prompts to create a self-care plan. It's easy to say you want to take more time for yourself, but it can often be hard to actually find the time. You will have to consciously set aside time to help you meet self-care goals.						
<b>Physical Self-Care Plan.</b> As a caregiver, if you are not physically well, you will not be able to take care of your loved one.						
Check all th	e statements below that are true.					
l eat a	well-balanced diet that includes a variety of fruits and vegetables, prote	eins, whole grains and healthy fats.				
] I drink	at least eight 8-oz glasses of water or fluid a day (an 8x8 goal).					
I sleep well each night and wake up feeling rested.						
I exercise for 30 minutes at least three times a week.						
I do not smoke or use tobacco.						
I only drink alcohol in moderation.						
I keep up with my own medical needs, such as getting an annual checkup from my primary care provider, and I get regular dental cleanings.						
Did you leave any of these statements unchecked? If so, you may need to consider improving those aspects of ohysical self-care. Talk to your primary care provider about ways to improve your health and well-being.						
What are some ways in which you can improve your physical well-being?						
Example: Drink more water to stay hydrated.						

Write down a few short-term goals to improve your physical well-being.				
Example: I will keep a water bottle with me throughout the day to make sure I meet the 8x8 goal.				
<b>Mental and Emotional Self-Care Plan.</b> Taking care of your mental arcaring for your physical health. It's important to take time for yourself each enjoy. With the daily responsibilities of caregiving, you may forget to do the time to care for your mental and emotional health.	n day and to keep up with activities that you			
What activities do you enjoy? Check all that apply.				
Listening to music, playing an instrument or singing				
Reading or listening to audiobooks				
Exercising or participating in group exercise classes				
Playing sports or organized games with friends				
Hiking, fishing, or other outdoor sports				
Meditating or practicing yoga				
Painting, drawing, or other types of art making				
Journaling or creative writing				
Attending religious or spiritual services				
Activities with friends or family				
Practicing personal care, such as long baths, manicures or face mas	ks			
Cooking or baking				
Watching movies or TV shows				
Playing video or computer games				
Puzzles				
Yard work or gardening				
Other:				
Other:				
Any of these activities can be part of a self-care plan. Pick one or two of y in your day-to-day life. Then fill out the following statements to create good	•			
I will set aside time to once a	day.			
Examples: Drink coffee on the front porch, read a devotional, meditate	e and stretch, write in a journal.			
I will set aside time to once a	week.			
Examples: Get dinner with friends, attend a religious or spiritual service	ce, go to an art or exercise class.			

Change the activity and frequency to adjust to your lifestyle and needs, but do be sure to make the time for yourself.

Stay Calm Strategy. When caring for a loved one with cancer, there will be times that are difficult and emotional. It's unavoidable. Prepare for these moments by having a strategy in place to help yourself calm down if you feel anxious or overwhelmed. Having a plan in place, in advance, will help you better manage unexpected intense emotions.

Try the following strategies:

- O Do a breathing exercise.
- O Repeat a meaningful mantra, affirmation or prayer.
- O Close your eyes and sit in silence.
- Stand up and stretch.
- O Take a quick walk outside.
- O Call a close friend or family member.

When I feel overwhelmed I will					



City of Hope offers videos with more breathing and meditation exercises on their YouTube channel. You can visit this channel at www.youtube.com/user/cityofhopeonline and go to the playlists tab to access the "Living Well" playlist with breathing and meditation exercises.

## Deep-Belly-**Breathing Exercise**

- 1. Sit in a comfortable position and close your eyes.
- 2. Place one hand on your stomach and your other hand on your chest.
- 3. Take a deep breath through your nose. The hand on your stomach should rise. The hand on your chest should not move much.
- 4. Exhale through your nose. The hand on your stomach should move, and the hand on your chest should not move much. Focus on your breathing and your hands.

There are a variety of breathing exercises you can find online. Try a few different ones until you find one that works for you.

Ask for Help and Delegate Tasks. As a primary caregiver for a loved one with cancer, you may worry that if you don't take care of your loved one, then no one else will. More than likely, there are friends and family members who really want to help—they just may not know how, so let them know!

What tasks could you delegate to someone else? Use the chart below to think of some tasks and some friends and family members who can help you with your caregiver responsibilities.

TASK	HELPER	NOTES
Example: Take John to appointment on Monday	Aunt Susan	Susan doesn't work on Mondays and she lives close by



Use Worksheet 20: Creating a Self-Care Plan if you need to modify your self-care plan or if you would like an additional copy.

Support for Caregivers. Caregiving can be a lonely experience. Caregivers often don't feel that they should be seeking support for themselves. But to be able to care for loved ones, it is very important that caregivers take really good care of themselves, too. There are several ways to reach out to other caregivers who are in similar situations or have recently been through similar experiences.



The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society (LLS) offers a number of helpful resources. For more information about any of the services listed below, visit www.LLS.org or contact an LLS Information Specialist at (800) 955-4572.

- Weekly Online Chat for Caregivers: Our live, weekly online chat provides a friendly forum where you can share your experiences and chat with other caregivers. Each chat is moderated by an oncology social worker. Visit www.LLS.org/chat to learn more.
- The Patti Robinson Kaufmann First Connection® Program: First Connection is a telephone support program that links you with a trained peer volunteer who has experienced a similar situation. Anyone with a blood-related cancer, as well as their caregiver, is eligible to receive a call. Visit www.LLS.org/FirstConnection to learn more.
- O LLS Community: Chat with other caregivers and stay up-to-date on the latest diagnosis and treatment news. Share your experiences and get personalized support from trained LLS staff. Visit www.LLS.org/community to sign up.
- The Family Support Groups Program: The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society (LLS) Family Support Groups are open to patients, family members and caregivers. Volunteer nurses and social workers professionally lead the groups. Learn more by calling an LLS Information Specialist at (800) 955-4572.

You can also reach out to members of the healthcare team for local suggestions. Many hospitals and treatment centers host support groups for survivors and caregivers.

Caregivers and Depression. Feeling sad, depressed, or anxious after a loved one is diagnosed with cancer is normal. However, if these feelings start to interfere with your daily activities, you may need individual counseling from a medical professional.

Symptoms of clinical depression include:

- Ongoing sadness or feelings of hopelessness
- Loss of interest or pleasure in most activities
- Major weight loss or weight gain
- Agitation or restlessness
- Fatigue or no energy
- Trouble sleeping
- Trouble focusing, remembering, or making decisions
- Feeling worthless, guilty, or helpless
- Thoughts of death or suicide

"I love the caregiver chats. I never miss it ever. Everything else is scheduled around that. The chats are 100 percent helpful and wonderful."

 Donna, caregiver and wife of Pete, acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL) survivor, talking about the weekly LLS online chat (www.LLS.org/chat)

Excerpt from November 2017 "Processing Our New Plan: Pete and Donna's Story" podcast episode on The Bloodline with LLS (www.LLS.org/TheBloodline)

Don't be afraid to seek help. For a referral to a mental health professional, reach out to the members of the healthcare team, visit your own doctor or call your insurance provider for recommendations.

Caring for Yourself Notes				